



Ballerina

Swan Lake

Mastering API integrations and
Microservices Architecture

Hello!

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Our mission

Help our customers

Create awesome digital experiences quickly, easily, and securely

by simplifying complex technology to the point where they can:

JUST ADD DEVELOPERS.



800+ Employees
45% Engineering

Colombo, Dubai, Mumbai, Munich,
London, Santa Clara, Austin, São Paulo,
Sydney



18+ Years
In the
Industry



700+ Customers
Across 90 Countries
and 6 Continents



Rapidly Growing
Over 30% YoY
Growth in ARR

WSO₂
Code
Challenge

Win a
Tesla Cybertruck!
(or \$100,000)



DEVELOP AND DEPLOY

Use any language, any IDE, and GitHub to develop your app and run it in Choreo for free.

FRONTEND AND BACKEND

Your app needs both a frontend as well as backend APIs.

DEPLOY TO PRODUCTION

Promote your app to the Choreo production [environment](#).

MAXIMIZE YOUR CHANCES OF WINNING

Boost your odds by enhancing your app with the following additions:

- Use a connection to integrate the backend API to the frontend
- More components*:
 - Databases
 - Manual or scheduled jobs
 - Multiple [projects](#)
 - [Internal and external APIs](#)
- Use [Asgardeo](#) for app authentication
- Use [Ballerina](#) to implement backend logic or APIs

The more you do, the greater your chances of winning the Cybertruck or \$100,000!

Each Addition = 1 Additional Entry

** Up to the free tier limit*

Learn more:
<https://choreo.dev/cybertruck>

About this Session

Coming Up

1. API Fundamentals

2. Introduction to Microservice Architecture

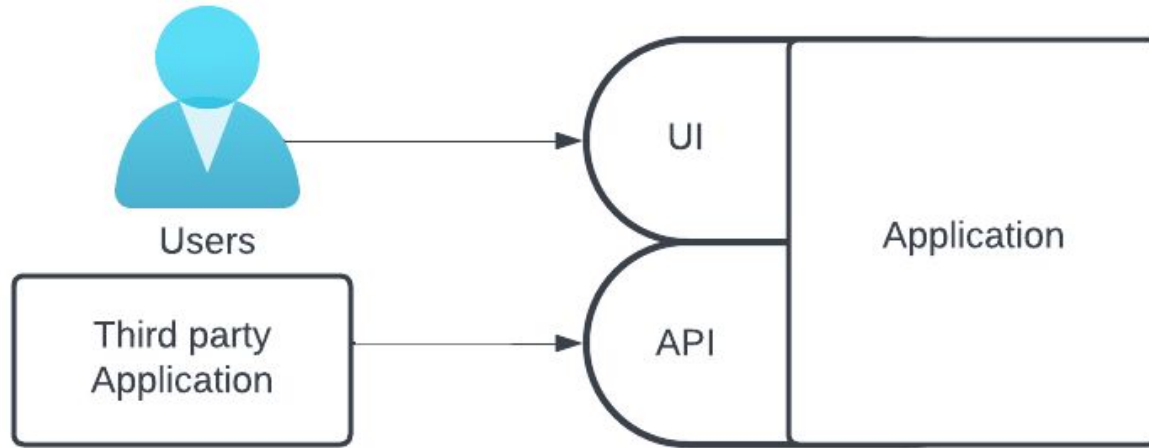
3. The perfect fit for effortless Integrations: Ballerina coming into the picture

4. Mastering fundamental concepts of Ballerina

5. Hands-on Session

6. The Rewards Challenge

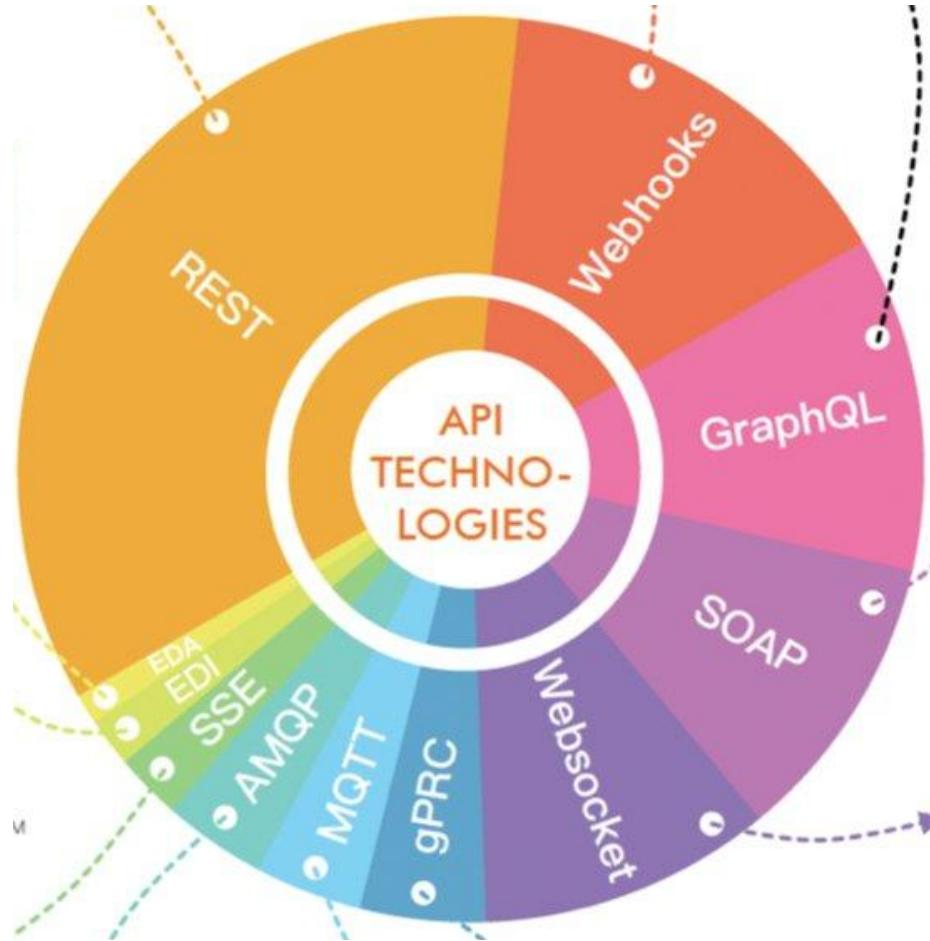
What is an API?



What is HTTP ?



API Protocols



API Fundamentals

REST (**RE**presentational **S**tate **T**ransfer)

- Most widely used architectural style
- Uses the concept of resources
- Resources can be accessed via verbs and resource paths
- Each resource has a standard format to represent data; server sends - client understands

API Fundamentals

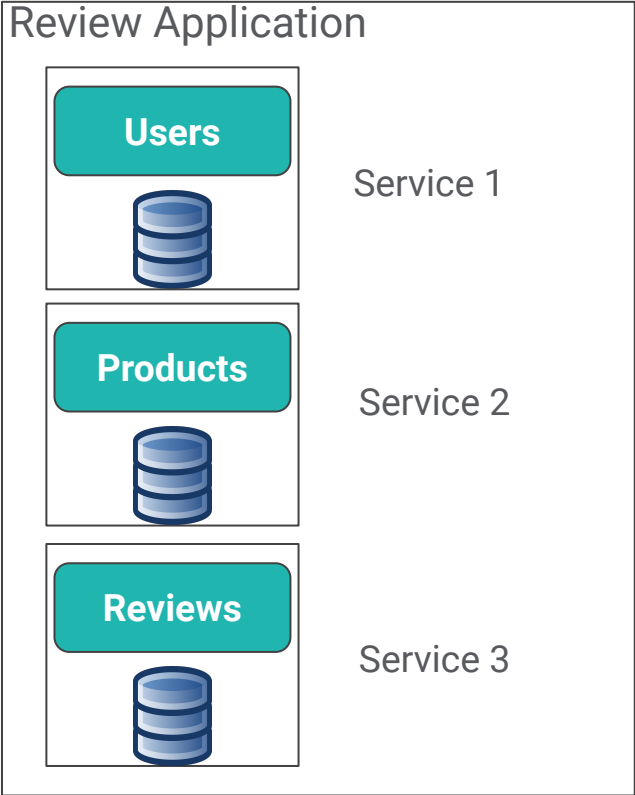
GraphQL

- Relatively new protocol developed by Facebook
- Fast adaptation from the major companies
- Query language for APIs
- Data is structured as a hierarchical structure
- Has a single endpoint
- Clients can request exactly what they want, server responds with exactly what was requested

Monolithic vs. Microservice Architecture



Monolithic Architecture



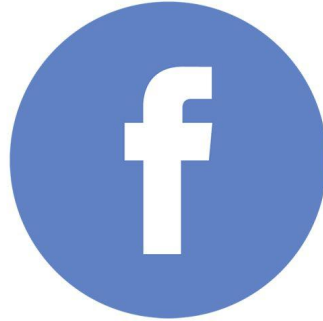
Microservice Architecture

Introduction to Microservices Architecture

- Characteristics of Microservices
 - Autonomous
 - Specialized

- Benefits of Microservices
 - Agility
 - Flexibility of scaling
 - Easy deployment
 - Technological freedom
 - Resilience

Real-World Examples



amazon

Uber

Integration



“Integration like putting together a jigsaw puzzle.

It's when we make different parts fit together, so the whole thing works nicely!”

Ballerina Swan Lake

- Fully open-source programming language, powered by WSO2
- 6+ years of effort with 300+ contributors
- Cloud-native programming language optimized for integration
- Both textual syntax and graphical form
- Data Oriented Programming (DOP) paradigm

Addressing the integration gap

INTEGRATION
PRODUCTS &
TECHNOLOGIES

ESB, BPM, EAI

NOT CLOUD-NATIVE

Ballerina
Swan Lake

The
Integration
Language

GENERAL-PURPOSE
LANGUAGES &
FRAMEWORKS

Java - SpringBoot,
Micronaut,
VertX, Quarkus
NodeJS - Express, VueJS
Python - Flask, FastAPI

WRONG ABSTRACTIONS

Ballerina for Integration

- Language made specifically for integration and microservices
- First class support for network endpoints
- Rich library - A collection of packages to help writing and connecting to various endpoints
- Built-in data types suitable for network communication

Understanding Ballerina Basics

Ballerina Basic Types

Simple types

- nil
- boolean
- int
- float
- decimal

Sequence

- string
- xml

Structural

- array } lists
- tuple } lists
- map } mapping
- record } mapping
- table

Behavioural

- function
- object
- error
- stream
- typedesc
- handle



Plain data



Plain data only if
their members are
plain data



Not Plain data

anydata - Type of Plain data
any - any value except for error

Understanding Ballerina Basics: Data Types

- **int**: Integer data type (64-bit signed integer)
- **float**: Floating-point data type (64-bit double-precision floating-point)
- **boolean**: Boolean data type (true or false)
- **string**: String data type (a sequence of Unicode characters)
- **Arrays**: An array can be used to hold a list of values of a given type
- **Maps**: The `map<T>` type is a data structure to store key-value pairs, with a `string` key and a value of a given type

```
// Integer
int i = 10;

// Float
float f = 12.34;

// Boolean
boolean b = true;

// String
string s = "Hello World!";

// Array of Strings
string[] names = ["John", "Doe", "Jane", "Doe"];

// Map of integers
map<int> ages = {
    "John": 30,
    "Jane": 20,
    "Karen": 40
};
```

Understanding Ballerina Basics: Data Types

- **nil**: Ballerina's version of `null` is called `nil` and written as `()`
- **Union Types**: `T1|T2` is the union of the sets described by `T1` and `T2`
- **Optional Types**: `T?` means the union of `T` and `()` equivalent to `T|()`
- **any**: Union type containing all the Ballerina types

```
// Nil
var n = ();

// Union (either string or int)
string|int x = 10;

// Optional (either string or nil)
string? y = 10;

// any array
any[] data = [1, "hello", 3.4, true];
```

Understanding Ballerina Basics: Data Types

- **JSON:** Used to send data over the network. Union of simple basic types
- `()|boolean|int|float|decimal|string|json[]|map<json>`
- **XML:** A markup language and file format for storing, transmitting, and reconstructing arbitrary data

```
json profile = {  
    name: "John Doe",  
    age: 30,  
    address: {  
        city: "Colombo",  
        country: "Sri Lanka"  
    }  
};
```

```
xml x1 = xml `<book>The Lost World</book>`;
```


Understanding Ballerina Basics: Records and Objects

- **Record:** A collection of specific named fields where each field has a type for its value.
- **Object:** Type definition without any implementation. It is similar to a Java interface.

```
type Address record {  
    int number;  
    string street;  
    string city;  
};  
  
type Animal object {  
    string name;  
  
    function run() returns int;  
};
```

Understanding Ballerina Basics: Functions

- Functions are building blocks of an application
- The `function` keyword is used to define functions in Ballerina
- A function can have zero or more input arguments and can return a value (Not returning anything means returning nil)

```
function add(int a, int b) returns int {  
    return a + b;  
}
```

Understanding Ballerina Basics: Hello World!

- Execute the `$ bal new hello-world` to create a new Ballerina package
- Code:

```
import ballerina/io;

public function main() {
    io:println("Hello, World!");
}
```

- The `main` function is the entry point of a Ballerina program
- Execute `$ bal run` to run the program

Networking in Ballerina: Services

- The **service** and **listener** are built-in constructs in Ballerina
- They provide an easy way to write network endpoints that serves client requests
- Execute the `$ bal new hello-world-service` command to create a new Ballerina package

```
import ballerina/http;

service on new http:Listener(9090) {
    resource function get greeting() returns string {
        return "Hello, World!";
    }
}
```

Networking in Ballerina: Clients

- The **client** is also a built-in construct in Ballerina
- Clients provide an easy way to consume services

```
import ballerina/http;
import ballerina/io;

public function main() returns error? {
    http:Client greetingClient = check new("http://localhost:9090")
    String greeting = check greetingClient->/greeting;
    io:println(greeting);
}
```

Hands on Session

Source Code - https://github.com/SasinduDilshara/hotel_order_service

Hotel Order Service

- Based on Microservice Architecture

- Menu Service



- Order Service

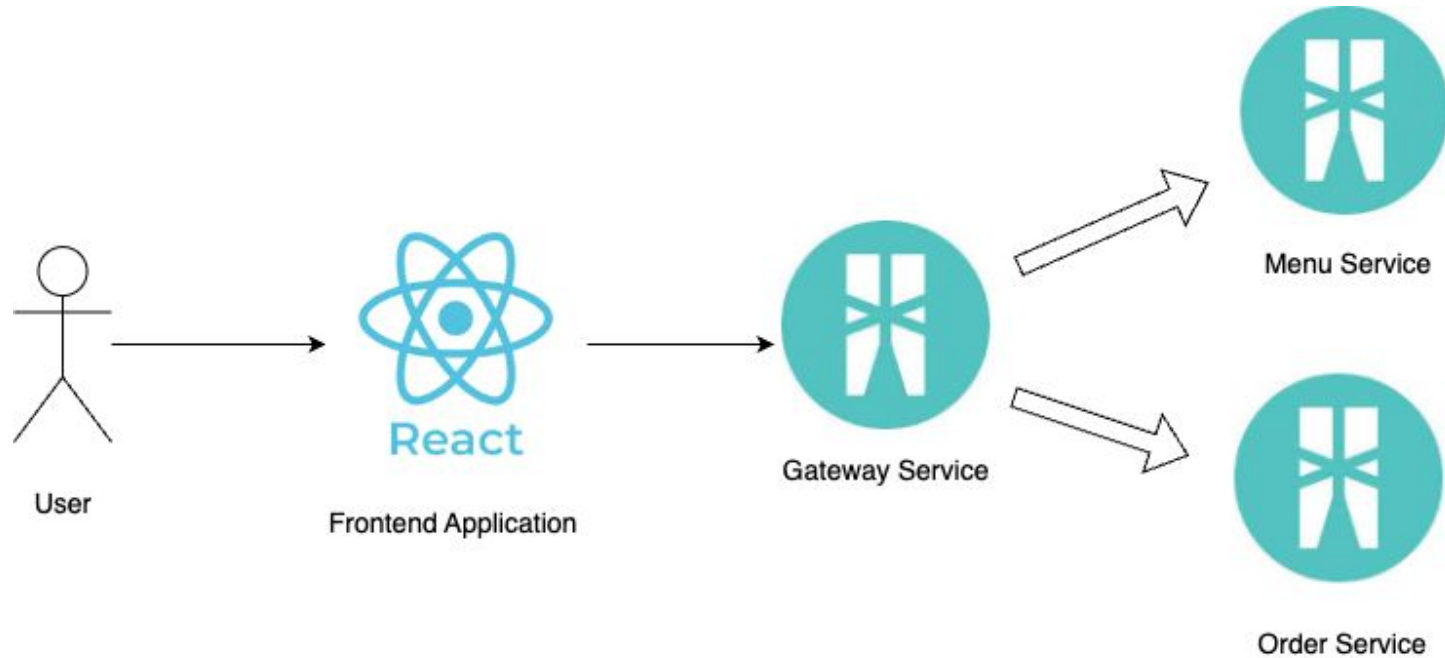


- Use cases

- Create new orders
 - View all orders
 - View all food in the menu

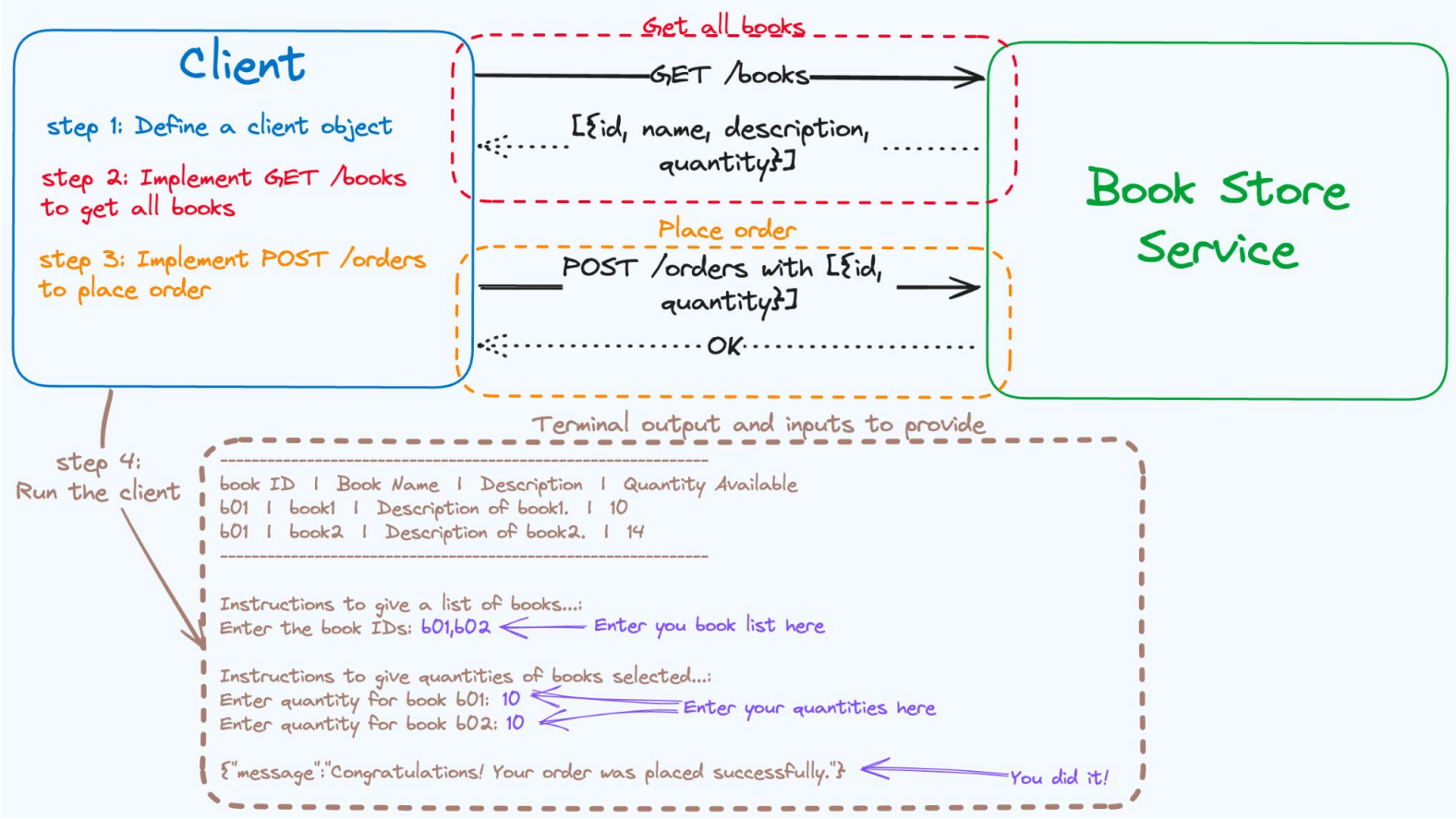


Hands-on Session - Hotel Management Service



Rewards Challenge

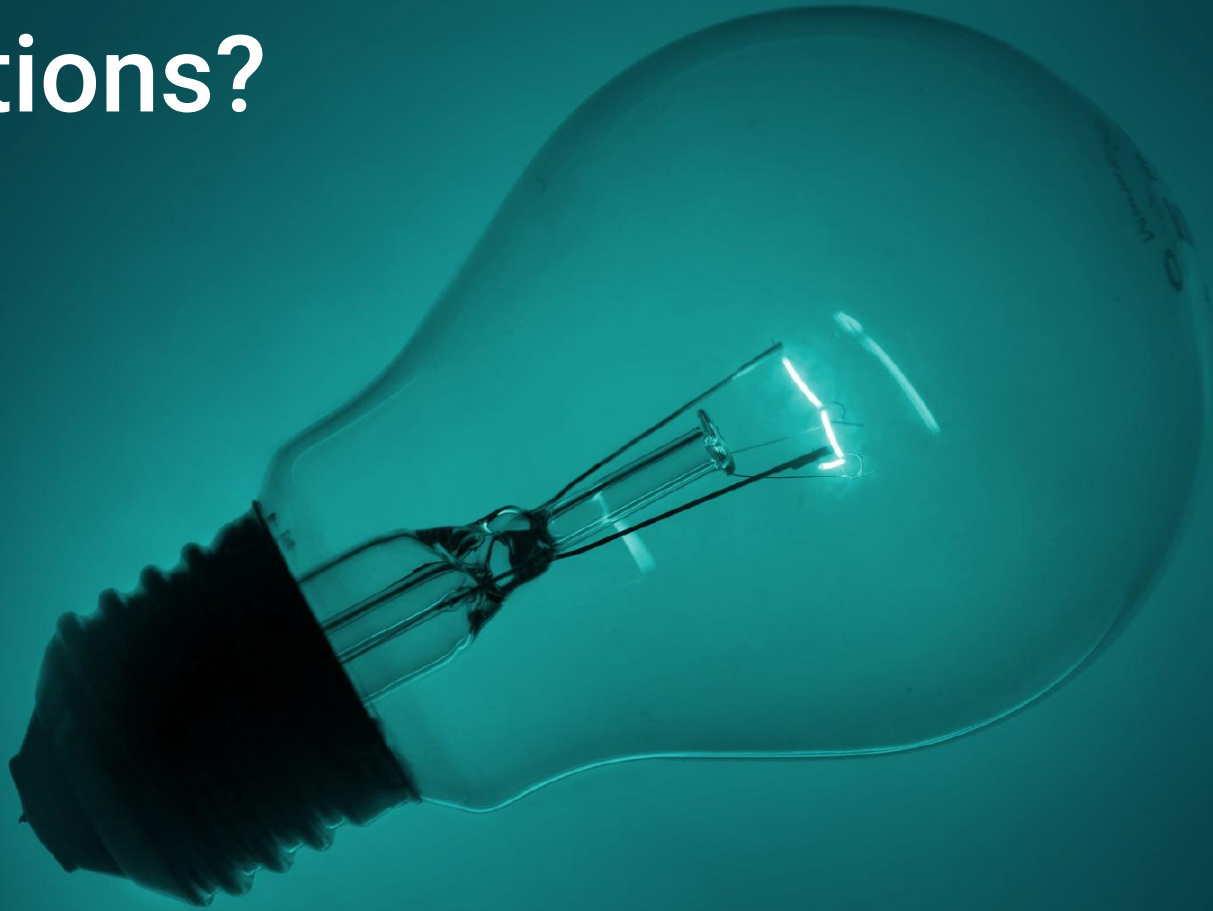
Steps to Complete



Rewards Challenge

- Implement a client to interact with the bookstore service and consume APIs to view all available books and place an order for a set of selected books.
- The partially completed client exercise, together with the bookstore service is available at <https://github.com/ShammiL/bookstore>.
- Access the code base using one of the following methods,
 - Fork the above repository and clone it to your machine or
 - Download as a ZIP
- Students who completed the task will get a **special reward!**
- The completed code should be **pushed to a GitHub repository** and the link should be shared with us to be eligible for the rewards.
- Winners will be decided by a panel of judges. The judges' decision will be final.

Questions?



Your Feedback Matters

<https://forms.gle/PW4tPiRz48X24j798>

Mini Project

- Do something cool with/about Ballerina
 - A new Ballerina package, published to Ballerina central
 - An article/video about Ballerina
 - Contribute to Ballerina project (Find “Good First Issues”)
 - Make sure your source code/article/video is public
- **Submit your projects** using the below google form
 - <https://forms.gle/nopCp3utp7FG3Loq8>
- There’s no limit, submit as many entries as you want
- Successful submissions will receive free vouchers for [WSO2 practitioner and developer certifications](#).

Find out more...

- Learn Ballerina:
 - Ballerina By Example
 - <https://ballerina.io/learn/by-example/>
 - API Documentation
 - <https://lib.ballerina.io/>

- Join the Ballerina community



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Thank you!

If you have any further questions, please raise them in the **Ballerina Discord server**.